

**UTILITY
PATENT APPLICATION
TRANSMITTAL**

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 C.F.R. 1.63(b))

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First Named Inventor or Application Identifier			
Umesh J Amin et al.			
Express Mail Label No.			

10/09/98

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APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents

ADDRESS TO:
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Washington, DC 20231

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Filing Fee as calculated below. | 6. <input type="checkbox"/> Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix) |
| 2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification [Total Pages [19]]
<i>(preferred arrangement set forth below)</i> | 7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary) |
| - Descriptive title of the invention | a. <input type="checkbox"/> Computer Readable Copy |
| - Cross References to Related Applications | b. <input type="checkbox"/> Paper Copy (identical to computer copy) |
| - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D | c. <input type="checkbox"/> Statement verifying identity of above copies |
| - Reference to Microfiche Appendix | |
| - Background of the Invention | |
| - Brief Summary of the invention | |
| - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed) | |
| - Detailed Description | |
| - Claim(s) | |
| - Abstract of the Disclosure | |
| 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) [Total Pages [02]] | |
| 4. Oath or Declaration | [Total Pages [1]] |
| a. <input type="checkbox"/> Newly executed (original or copy) | 8. <input type="checkbox"/> Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s)) |
| b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
<i>(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)</i> | 9. <input type="checkbox"/> 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement <input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney |
| <input type="checkbox"/> DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b) | 10. <input type="checkbox"/> English Translation Document (if applicable) |
| 5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Incorporation By Reference <i>(useable if Box 4b is checked)</i> The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. | 11. <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 <input type="checkbox"/> Copies of IDS Citations |
| | 12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preliminary Amendment |
| | 13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
<i>(Should be specifically itemized)</i> |
| | 14. <input type="checkbox"/> Small Entity Statement(s) <input type="checkbox"/> Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired |
| | 15. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
<i>(if foreign priority is claimed)</i> |
| | 16. <input type="checkbox"/> Other: |

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
9. 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement Power of Attorney
10. English Translation Document (if applicable)
11. Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 Copies of IDS Citations
12. Preliminary Amendment
13. Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)
14. Small Entity Statement(s) Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired
15. Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)
16. Other:

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:
 Continuation Divisional Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. 08/672,769
18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS Customer Number or Bar Code Labelor Correspondence address below

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Fee Calculation and Transmittal

(Col 1)

(Col 2)

(Col 3)

SMALL ENTITY**NON-SMALL ENTITY**

	NO. FILED		NO. EXTRA	
TOTAL	4	minus	20	= 0
INDEP	1	minus	3	= 0
First Presentation, Multiple Dependent Claims				
Base Filing Fee				\$395

Other Fee (specify purpose) _____

TOTAL FILING FEE* (accounting for possible small entity status)

RATE	FEES
x11=	\$
x41=	\$
+135=	\$

OR RATE	FEES
x22=	\$
x82=	\$
+270=	\$
	\$790
	\$
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OR TOTAL	\$790

- A check in the amount of _____ to cover the filing fee is enclosed
- No payment is enclosed at this time. Full payment will be made when the executed Declaration is submitted at a later date pursuant to 37 CFR § 1.41 and § 1.53, with an appropriate surcharge under 37 CFR § 1.16(e).
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- Charge the Issue Fee set in 37 CFR § 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 CFR § 1.311(b)

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of :
Amin et al.
Serial No. -- : Art Unit: --
Filed: October 9, 1998 : Examiner: --
For: T D M A M E S S A G I N G : Atty Docket: 2455-4263US1
SERVICE MICROCELL :
:
:
:

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Page 11, line 17, after "retransmitter" delete "18" and substitute --16--.

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-13 without prejudice to their reentry at some later date.

Respectfully submitted,



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TDMA MESSAGING SERVICE MICROCELL

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 This invention relates generally to cellular telecommunications and more particularly to a cellular messaging network.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 There has been a remarkable increase in the demand for portable telephones in metropolitan areas. However, analog systems are increasingly unable to cover the increase in the number of portable telephone subscribers. Accordingly, to address this increase, operation of a commercial digital cellular telephone system in the United States began in 1993 in the form 15 of a time-division multiple access ("TDMA") system. That TDMA digital cellular telephone system implements digital voice (dual-mode) based on the IS-54B standard promulgated by the Telecommunications Industry Association ("TIA") which specifies 20 an analog control channel for control signals, and digital traffic channels for voice and data signals. That dual-mode digital system based on the IS-54B standard analogically controls outgoing and incoming calls and digitally carries the voice and data signals. The communication capacity of the IS-54B TDMA 25 cellular telephone system is limited by the capacity of the analog control channel.

Because the analog control channel of the IS-54B TDMA system limits its communications capacity, a completely digital system (e.g., with a digital control channel) has been developed to more efficiently utilize frequencies. In 1994, the TIA 5 standardized the completely digital TDMA system having a digital control channel and one or more digital traffic channels. The completely digital TDMA system is referred to as the IS-136 standard. Digitizing the control channel in the TDMA system according to the IS-136 protocol: increases the capacity of the 10 control channel to ten times analog capacity; provides new applications such as private network service; provides a short message service; and reduces power consumption of portable cellular telephones by supporting paging of the portable telephones to prompt them out of an idle mode.

Portable cellular telephones in a conventional IS-136 TDMA system transmit and receive the digital control channel and all the digital traffic channels. The digital control channel is presently used for set-up and monitoring functions, but often has available unused or minimally-used communications capacity.

20 Messaging service is becoming increasingly commercially important. For messaging service to be successful there should be minimal missed messages, such as from fading. The messaging service must be close to one-hundred percent reliable. To

accomplish messaging within a local area, retransmission of the broadcast messaging signals, within a local subportion of a cell, may improve reliability. (The subportion of the cell may be referred to as a micro/picocell). However, use of normal IS-136, 5 infrastructure to rebroadcast the messaging signal within the micro/picocell would result in significant expense and complexity.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides a receiver and a base station micro/picocell retransmitter in a cellular messaging network which more efficiently uses the message communications capacity of the IS-136 digital control channel. In accordance with this invention, the base station micro/picocell retransmitter in the cellular short messaging network is designed to avoid much of the expense and complexity of networks and communications equipment presently conforming to IS-136 protocol by omitting infrastructure supporting the digital traffic channels. Eliminating infrastructure supporting transmission and reception of the digital traffic channels in the micro/picocell retransmitter reduces the cost of establishing such a network.

According to the principles of the invention, the cellular messaging network makes use of unused or minimally-used time slots in the digital control channel by supporting messaging on particular time slots of the digital control channel dedicated 25

for short messaging information according to the IS-136 protocol and discarding other time slots, such as for signals related to the assignment of voice channels, presently stipulated by IS-136 protocol. In an illustrative embodiment, these signals relating 5 to assignment of voice channels can be discarded since the cellular messaging network does not support the digital traffic channels. The cellular messaging network includes a switching controller connected to the wireless telephone network, which can then be coupled to the public switched telephone network. One or 10 more radio base station micro/picocell retransmitters are coupled to the switching controller by hardwire or wireless interface. One or more receivers are coupled to the base station micro/picocell retransmitters through an IS-136 protocol digital control channel. The base station micro/picocell retransmitters 15 discard the digital traffic channels and retransmit only the digital control channel. Each base station micro/picocell includes a connection for receiving a modulated carrier signal conforming to IS-136 protocol from the switching controller, and an internal circuit for processing the modulated carrier signal. 20 The internal circuit demodulates the modulated carrier signal to generate a time-division multiplexed digital signal, distinguishes between signals related to the assignment of voice channels and other signals including those related to short messaging information in the multiplexed digital signal, and 25 discards the signals related to the assignment of voice channels.

In the context of this invention, such discarding may include the absence of further processing. Similar circuitry can alternatively be provided in the receiver to perform the functions described above.

5 The base station micro/picocell retransmitters of the picocell cellular messaging network is able to use simplified control equipment having no traffic (i.e., voice or data) channel capability. Optionally, the base station micro/picocell retransmitter can be connected over a twisted-pair telephone line
10 to the switching controller.

15 Other features and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawing, which illustrate, by way of example, the features of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

20 In the drawing:

FIG. 1 shows an exemplary cellular messaging network in accordance with the principles of the invention;

25 FIG. 2 shows an exemplary frame of a digital control channel used for messaging in accordance with the principles of the invention;

FIG. 3 shows a flow diagram of an exemplary operating process of a base station micro/picocell retransmitter for use in

the cellular messaging network depicted in FIG. 1 in accordance with the principles of the invention; and

FIG. 4 shows an exemplary base station micro/picocell retransmitter for use in the cellular messaging network depicted 5 in FIG. 1 in accordance with the principles of the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

As shown in the drawing for purposes of illustration, the invention is embodied in a cellular messaging network and communications equipment thereof which omits infrastructure supporting traffic (i.e., voice and data) channels in an IS-136 TDMA system providing a reliable, cost-efficient messaging service. A geographically larger cell is subdivided into smaller micro/picocells, wherein each micro/picocell includes a base station micro/picocell retransmitter to prevent missed messages throughout the cell. Because the base station micro/picocell retransmitters omit infrastructure supporting the digital traffic channels, the cellular messaging network is commercially practicable.

Referring to FIG. 1, a cellular messaging network 10 for a plurality of geographically contiguous micro/picocells ("cells") includes a digital switching controller ("SC") 12. The switching controller 12 is connected to the wireless telephone network ("WTN") 14 and then can be coupled to the public switched telephone network ("PSTN") 15. A plurality of radio base station

micro/picocell transmitters 16 are each connected to the digital switching controller 12, either by land-line or wireless interface. A plurality of portable transceivers 18 are coupled to the plurality of base station micro/picocell retransmitters 16 through one or more IS-136 digital control channels 20. As used herein, "portable transceiver" is defined to include TDMA pagers, TDMA and CDMA receivers, portable cellular telephones, automobile telephones, and other, perhaps larger, voice and data messaging devices. The portable transceiver can have a simple design and function, performing no processing except, for example, to annunciate in response to an incoming signal. In an alternative embodiment, as a portable transceiver 18 moves from one cell to another cell, the switching controller 12 automatically switches connectivity with the respective base station micro/picocell retransmitters associated with the cells so that the portable transceiver 18 maintains continuous contact with the wireless telephone network 14. When a portable transceiver 18 is activated, the portable transceiver 18 registers with the cellular messaging network 10 using the digital control channel 20. After the initialization process, the switching controller 12 monitors signals from the portable transceiver 18 on the digital control channel 20 and controls operation of the portable transceiver 18 thereby. To send messages to a portable transceiver 18, the switching controller 12 pages for the

designated portable transceiver 18 (which could be in an idle mode) and then sends messages using the digital control channel 20.

Time-division multiple access ("TDMA") is a

5 multiplexing technique for sharing a transmission medium. The bandwidth of the transmission medium is shared by establishing a sequence of time slots ("subchannels") during which individual sources can transmit signals. The entire bandwidth of the transmission medium is periodically available to each user for a
10 restricted time interval. Ordinarily, time slots in a TDMA system are equal in length and have a common repetition period called a frame interval. Each subchannel is assigned an amount of transmission capacity determined by the time slot duration and the repetition rate. In standard digital TDMA hierarchy, higher-level signals can be implemented as a combination of lower-level signals. Communications according to IS-136 protocol use the
15 following four layers, as promulgated by the TIA:

Higher Layers: perform the message transfer service

for short messaging service ("SMS"), and the paging service. The
20 SMS communication configuration includes a point-to-point communication mode and a multiple address communication mode.

Layer 3: controls the portable transceiver, e.g., outgoing and incoming calls, and location registration.

Layer 2: performs disassembly, assembly and retransmission control of layer 3 messages by a data link with the radio base station micro/picocell retransmitter.

5 Layer 1: establishes frame synchronization, processes coding and controls TDMA.

The IS-136 standard stipulates for the digital control channel: a frequency bandwidth of 800 MHz; channel spacing of 30 KHz; a VSELP voice coding system; and QPSK modulation.

10 The digital control channel in an IS-136 TDMA system is structured as a series of one or more frames, as shown in FIG. 2. Each frame 22 can include, for example, a synchronization ("SYNC") slot 24, an overhead ("OH") slot 26, a slot 28 for signals related to voice channel assignment ("VCA"), and slots 30, 32, 34 for signals having short messaging service ("SMS") information directed to particular portable transceivers.

15 A radio base station micro/picocell retransmitter 16 (FIG. 1) in the cellular messaging network 10 receives the digital control channel and one or more digital traffic (i.e., voice or data) channels and discards the digital traffic channels. Base station micro/picocell retransmitter 16 rebroadcasts signals on the digital control channel 20 relating to voice channel assignments and short messaging information to each portable transceiver 18. In a specific embodiment, the base station micro/picocell retransmitter actively screens and discards the signals relating to voice channel assignments before

rebroadcasting. The portable transceivers in the cellular messaging network monitor the digital control channel for messages. When a portable transceiver detects a signal transmitted for it, the portable transceiver may select the radio 5 base station micro/picocell retransmitter transmitting the strongest signal. The portable transceiver may transmit an acknowledgment message by way of the digital control channel indicating to the switching controller 12 which of the base station micro/picocell retransmitters to use for further 10 messaging with the portable transceiver.

According to the invention, communications between the portable transceivers and the radio base station micro/picocell retransmitters in the cellular messaging network use the IS-136 digital control channel protocol. Importantly, however, 15 infrastructure to support the digital traffic channels (which are separate and distinct from the digital control channel) is omitted from the base station micro/picocell retransmitter and network equipment to reduce cost and complexity. Internal circuitry of the base station micro/picocell retransmitters can 20 actively screen and discard signals in the digital control channel relating to assignment of voice and data traffic channels because these signals are not necessary for messaging in the cellular network as taught herein.

In an illustrative embodiment the base station 25 micro/picocell retransmitter 16 is able to receive and transmit

short messages on a digital control channel conforming to IS-136 protocol. Referring to FIG. 3, the base station micro/picocell retransmitter 16 obtains voice channel assignment signals related to the assignment of voice channels and short messaging signals 5 based on the short messages from the digital control channel in step 36. The base station micro/picocell retransmitter distinguishes between the voice channel assignment signals and the short messaging signals in step 38. The base station micro/picocell retransmitter screens the voice channel assignment 10 signals from further processing in step 40 before rebroadcasting the short messaging signals to the portable transceiver 18 in step 42.

Referring to FIG. 4, in another illustrative embodiment, distinguishing and screening signals relating to voice channel assignments can be performed in the base station micro/picocell retransmitter according to the principles of the invention. The base station micro/picocell retransmitter 18 can include an antenna 46 to receive a modulated carrier signal conforming to IS-136 protocol from the switching controller 12, a 20 housing 48 made of an electromagnetic shielding material on which the antenna 46 is mounted, and an internal circuit 50 connected to the antenna 46 by way of the housing 48 to receive the modulated carrier signal. The internal circuit 50 includes a receiver front end 52 coupled to the antenna 46 to demodulate the 25 modulated carrier signal and generate an oversampled version of

the baseband digital signal. The digital signal is time-division multiplexed in TDMA format. The multiplexed digital signal presents subchannels respectively for signals related to the assignment of voice channels and other signals comprising short messaging information. The oversampled version of the multiplexed digital signal is passed to a buffer memory 54. A timing recovery circuit 56 coupled to the buffer memory 54 generates a timing recovery signal to select samples of the oversampled multiplexed digital signal from the buffer memory 54 at the proper timing. The multiplexed digital signal is passed to a demultiplexer 58. The demultiplexer 58 splits signals relating to the assignment of voice channels and other signals comprising short messaging information from the multiplexed digital signal. The signals related to the assignment of voice channels and the other signals comprising short messaging information are passed to a screening circuit 60. The screening circuit 60 discards the signals relating to the assignment of voice channels. The other signals comprising short messaging information are subsequently decoded.

Similar circuitry for performing the functions as described above can be embodied in the portable transceiver.

Docket No.: Amin 3-6

While several particular forms of the invention have been illustrated and described, it will also be apparent that various modifications can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. A method of receiving a message on a digital control channel for use in a cellular messaging network, comprising the following steps:

5 (A) receiving voice channel assignment signals related to the assignment of voice channels and short messaging signals based on the message from the digital control channel;

(B) distinguishing between the voice channel assignment signals and the short messaging signals; and

10 (C) discarding the voice channel assignment signals.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein:

the voice channel assignment signals and the short messaging signals are time-division multiplexed in the digital control channel.

15 3. The method of claim 1, wherein step (A) includes the step:

20 demultiplexing the digital control channel.

25 4. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step:

paging a receiver in the cellular messaging network using the short messaging signals.

5. A base station retransmitter for use with a digital control channel, comprising:

means for connecting to a switching controller and receiving a modulated carrier signal from the switching
5 controller;

an internal circuit coupled for receiving the modulated carrier signal, the internal circuit comprising:

means for demodulating the modulated carrier signal to generate a multiplexed digital signal,

10 means for demultiplexing the multiplexed digital signal to generate voice channel assignment signals and short messaging signals, and

means for discarding the voice channel assignment signals.

15 6. The base station retransmitter of claim 5, wherein:
the multiplexed digital signal is presented as a series of one or more frames.

20 7. The base station retransmitter of claim 5, further comprising:

a buffer memory coupled to the means for demodulating which is operable to generate the multiplexed digital signal in response to a timing recovery signal.

8. The base station retransmitter of claim 7, further comprising:

a means, coupled to the buffer memory, for generating a timing recovering signal.

5

9. The base station retransmitter of claim 5, further comprising:

an antenna for broadcasting the short messaging signals.

10

10. A cellular messaging network, comprising:

a switching controller operatively coupled to the wireless telephone network;

one or more base station micro/picocell retransmitters operatively coupled to the switching controller;

one or more receivers operatively coupled to the one or more base station micro/picocell transmitters by way of a digital control channel;

each base station micro/picocell retransmitter

20 including

means for connecting to the switching controller and receiving a modulated carrier signal from the switching controller,

an internal circuit coupled for receiving the modulated

25 carrier signal, the internal circuit comprising:

means for demodulating the modulated carrier signal to generate a multiplexed digital signal,

means for distinguishing between signals related to the assignment of voice channels and other signals comprising short messaging information in the multiplexed digital signal, and

5 means for discarding the signals related to the assignment of voice channels.

11. The network of claim 10, wherein:

10 the multiplexed digital signal is presented as a series of one or more frames.

12. The network of claim 10, wherein:

15 the signals related to the assignment of voice channels and the other signals comprising short messaging information are time-division multiplexed in the multiplexed digital signal.

13. The network of claim 10, wherein:

each receiver is portable.

20
14. A method of signal processing to determine a message in a multiplexed digital signal, the multiplexed digital signal including a voice channel assignment subchannel for voice channel assignment signals, and a short messaging subchannel for

short messaging signals, the method comprising the following steps:

(A) receiving the multiplexed digital signal;

(B) demultiplexing the multiplexed digital signal to

5 generate a short messaging signal and a voice channel assignment signal;

(C) screening the voice channel assignment signal from further processing; and

(D) determining the message from the short messaging

10 signal.

15. The method of claim 14, wherein:

the multiplexed digital signal is presented in a TDMA

format.

20. The method of claim 14, wherein:

the voice channel assignment subchannel and the short messaging subchannel are time-division multiplexed in the digital signal.

25. The method of claim 14, wherein:

the multiplexed digital signal includes a series of one or more frames.

ABSTRACT

A cellular messaging network includes a switching controller connected to the wireless telephone network. One or more base station micro/picocell retransmitters are coupled to the switching controller. The base station micro/picocell transmitter uses simplified control equipment having no digital traffic channel capability. Each base station micro/picocell retransmitter is able to discriminate between voice channel assignment signals and short messaging signals in the digital control channel, discard the voice channel assignment signals, and rebroadcast the short messaging signals in the digital control channel. One or more receivers are coupled to the base station micro/picocell retransmitters by way of an IS-136 protocol digital control channel. The base station micro/picocell retransmitter can be connected to the switching controller through a twisted-pair telephone line.

19

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FIG. 1

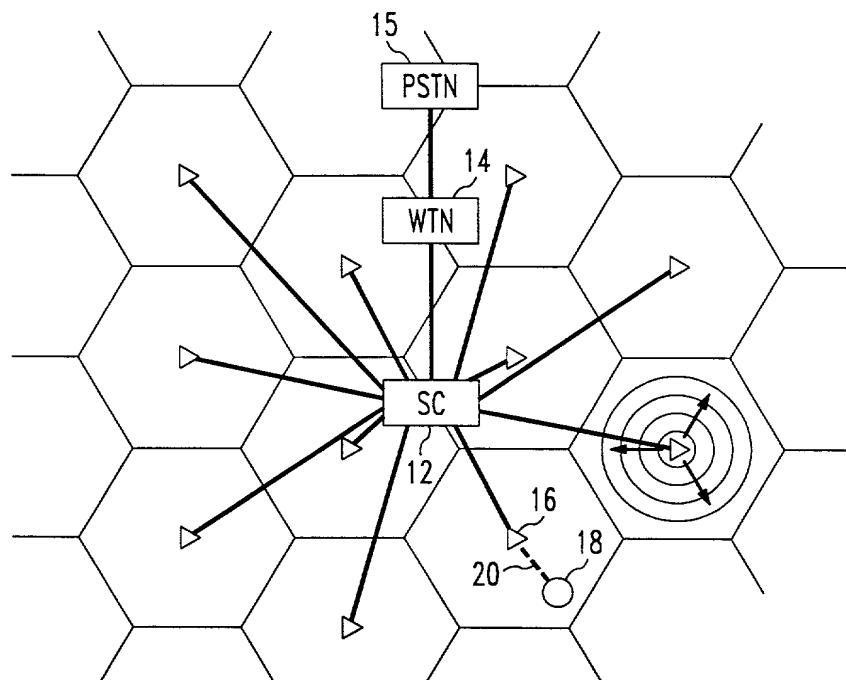
10

FIG. 2

22 →

<u>24</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>34</u>			
SYNC	OH	VCA	SMS	SMS	SMS			

2/2

FIG. 3

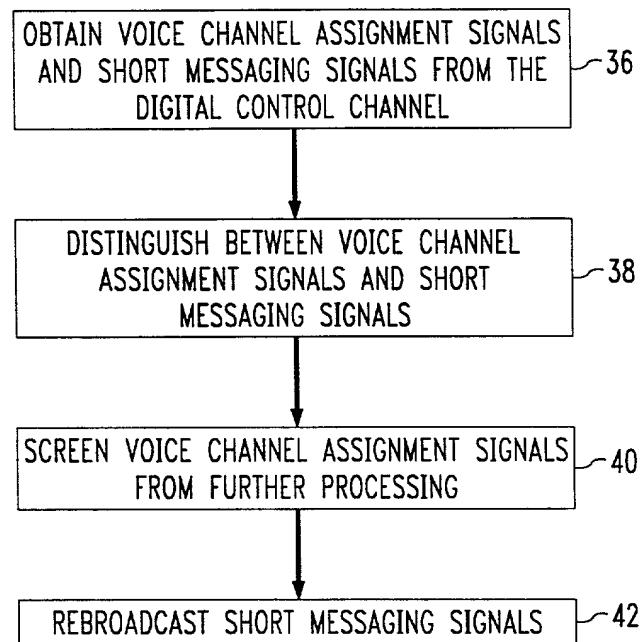
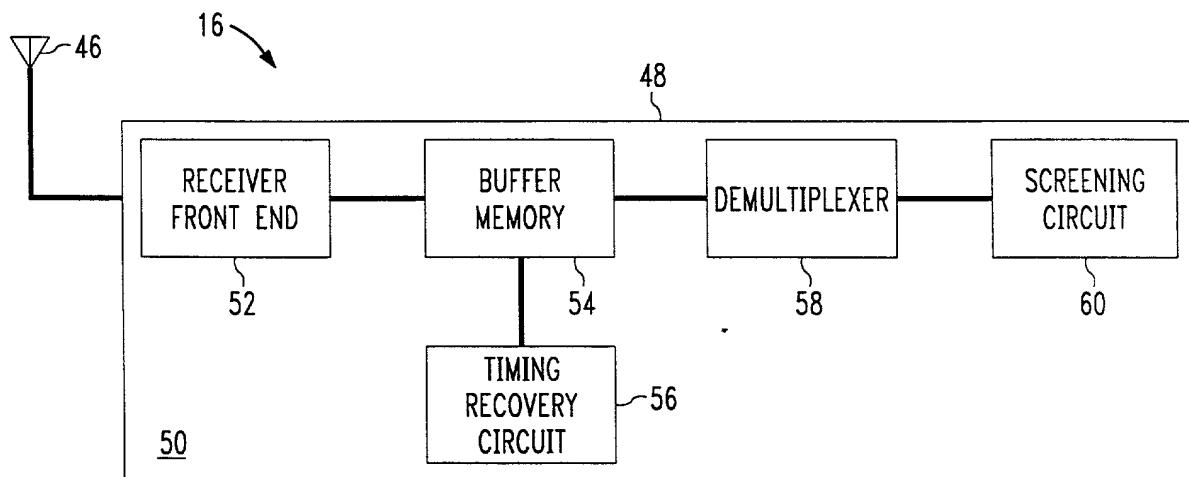


FIG. 4



IN THE UNITED STATES
PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Declaration and Power of Attorney

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am an original, first and joint inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled **TDMA Messaging Service Microcell** the specification of which was filed on June 28, 1996, as application Serial No. 08/672769.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by an amendment, if any, specifically referred to in this oath or declaration.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

None

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

None

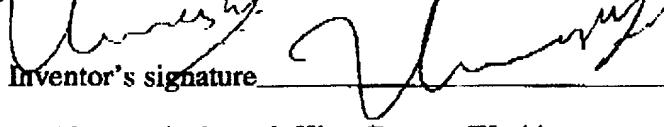
I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

U.J. Amin 3-6

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